

tion had been very bad. Miss Keller administered the capsule but about twenty minutes later Swope had a convulsion. He died in it. "Apoplexy," said Dr. Hyde. "He went just like Moss Huntton."

Then the typhoid epidemic broke out in the Swope household. One after another was stricken—Margaret Swope, Christian Swope, Miss Cora B. Dickson, a governess, Leonora Copridge, a negro servant and Lucy Lee, Sarah and Stella Swope.

Then, December 5, Christian Swope had a convulsion. Miss Keller says it was just like Col. Swope's. Dr. Hyde said it was meningitis. Dr. Twyman said nothing. Christian rallied and Hyde told the nurse to disregard Dr. Twyman's orders for treatment. He went to Kansas City and Miss Keller went ahead and carried out Dr. Twyman's orders. The patient seemed better when Hyde returned. He told Miss Keller to go to dinner, and he would stay with Christian. A little later Christian had another convulsion and died in it.

Then Hyde gave Margaret Swope a hypodermic injection while no one else was in the room. Margaret's arm swelled and she was in pain. The arm was beginning to get better when Margaret had a convulsion just like Christian's and Swope's, the nurses say. Dr. Twyman gave her a hypodermic which made her vomit. She recovered.

On December 15 Miss Keller called the other nurses into a secret conference and told them what she had noticed. When Dr. Hyde and his wife reached the house that evening there was a message for Hyde to call up Dr. Twyman. He did and they left the house. Tom Swope, brother of Christian, and other members of the family, who had been ill of typhoid, arose and slipped out of the house after them. Tom Swope had a trouble following Hyde. He testified later that at an arched corner of Pleasant street he saw his brother-in-law throw something into the snow and trample on it. Tom crept to the place and found a broken capsule box. Tom says he recognized the smell of cyanide of potassium.

According to statements by jurors, Dr. Hyde was convicted on his own testimony relating to the purchase of the poisons. While he had asserted that he had been buying cyanide for years he could not give a single instance of its purchase elsewhere than at the one drug store or at any time previous to his purchase from the Brooklyn drug store. This convinced the jurors that he had bought it in furtherance of his plot to kill the whole Swope family.

It was said that he had endeavored to kill off others of Col. Swope's family with the idea of gaining possession of the philanthropist's large estate, and the method that he was suspected of was the cyanide poison, which the physician admitted this himself, but declares that he did so merely in the interests of learning a more effective means of checking the disease. He also admitted buying the cyanide capsules which the physician claimed were given to Col. Swope, but he has steadfastly denied that the philanthropist died through any agency of his.

One of the sensations of the trial was the discovery that the trial was being watched in the possession of the defense. State's Attorney Conkling maintained the papers were stolen, but the defense claimed they were lost by the State and found by a neutral. The result is a pending investigation by the bar association.

The second sensation came when it was revealed that Dr. Hyde had purchased cyanide of potassium in capsule form prior to the sudden deaths of Col. Swope and Christian Swope. The purchases were made at the Brooklyn drug store, which was mysteriously burned. The records of the sales escaped the flames, however.

Dr. Hyde was a physician in Kansas City and as the Swope will was so fixed that the death of one legatee increased the amount to be received by the other, the State sought to show that Hyde planned to secure the entire fortune through his wife's share by slaying the heirs.

Dr. Hyde is the son of a Baptist minister and his aged father and mother, were in court during the trial.

#### NO CHANGE OF INAUGURAL DATE

The House Kills the Proposition by One-third of a Vote.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—One-third of a vote was sufficient to defeat in the House to-day the Henry resolution calling for a change of the inauguration of future Presidents of the United States from March 4 to the last Thursday in April. It requires a two-thirds majority to pass bills called up on suspension day, and as 130 members voted for the Henry resolution and 70 members against it, the parliamentary sharpshooter figured out that the measure had been beaten by the fraction of a vote.

Representatives Parker of New Jersey and Henry of Texas were the principal advocates of the resolution and Representative Francis Burton Harrison of New York led the opposition and probably had more to do than anybody else with its defeat.

Mr. Harrison took the ground that the Constitution of the United States is a pretty good old document which has been amended only on three occasions in the last 107 years and the last time only after a terrific four year conflict which cost millions in money and hundreds of thousands of lives. He suggested that the opponents of the bill looked upon the inauguration of the President as they did upon a circus parade or a Wild West exhibition and he insisted that the reasons given for amending the Constitution in this particular were entirely too trivial to warrant consideration by the House.

Representative Michael E. Driscoll of New York said that the people of Washington were urging the adoption of the resolution in order that clear weather might be insured for inauguration day and that they might get a chance to flee the great crowds attending through the high prices always charged on such occasions. After some more debate of this sort the vote was taken and the supporters of the measure would have won had not Representatives Loudenslager and Kindred of Nebraska, one a Republican and one a Democrat, dissolved their general pair for the occasion and both voted "no." It is generally conceded that this kills the inaugural date proposition as dead as a herring for this session of Congress at least.

#### FEAR MORE RIOTS AT CHANG SHA

U. S. Naval Officer Reports Serious Situation—Gunboats at Hankow.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—The situation at Chang Sha, China, where race riots occurred recently, is still serious and it is expected that disorder will be renewed. This information was received to-day in a despatch to the Navy Department from Lieutenant-Commander R. O. Butler, U. S. N., commanding the gunboat Helena, which is now at Hankow.

There are three other American gunboats, the New Orleans, Samar and Villalobos, in Chinese waters in case of emergency.

#### KROONLAND'S SHAFT DAMAGED.

The Red Star Liner Returns to Southampton for Repairs.

SOUTHAMPTON, May 16.—The Red Star Line steamship Kroonland, which left Antwerp on Saturday for New York, returned here this morning in order to make repairs to a damaged shaft. The repairs will require two or three days.

#### ROOSEVELT VISITS GEORGE V.

KING DEEPLY CONCERNED OVER COLONEL'S HOARSENESS.

Sends Doctor Who Attended Edward VII. to Treat His Throat—Special U. S. Ambassador Visits Buckingham Palace, Where the Dead King Lies in State.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, May 16.—Col. Roosevelt arrived in London this morning. At 11:30, accompanied by Ambassador Reid, he called on King George at Marlborough House. His audience with the King was of considerable length.

Previously, to visiting Marlborough House Col. Roosevelt and Mr. Reid visited Buckingham Palace and went to the throne room, where the body of King Edward is lying in state. The visit to the palace lasted half an hour.

At the close of the interview with the King the party entered a royal carriage which had been placed at their disposal and visited the Duke of Connaught at Clarence House.

The former President is still very hoarse and is nursing his voice. He had a consultation with a throat doctor in the afternoon.

During his visit at Marlborough House the hoarseness was so noticeable that King George inquired anxiously as to its cause, suggesting that the Colonel should consult a physician without delay. At the same time he recommended to him St. Clair Thomson, the celebrated specialist, who was summoned to attend his father soon after the latter's recent return from Biarritz when it was discovered that Edward's attack of bronchitis was assuming a serious phase.

The King was so solicitous that Col. Roosevelt should take care of himself that he volunteered personally to arrange for a consultation with Dr. Thomson. As a result, it is reported, Col. Roosevelt's throat was examined by Dr. Thomson late this evening at Dorchester House while the guests were gathering for dinner.

The Roosevelts had a delightful smooth crossing from Flushing, Holland, in the Zealand company's steamship Mecklenburg, which carried the American flag at its masthead. They landed at the pier at Queensborough shortly before 6 o'clock. Lieut.-Gen. Lord Dundonald and Commander Cunningham Graham, equeries representing the King, and Vice-Admiral Sir George Neville, commanding the third and fourth divisions of the home fleet, boarded the vessel and welcomed Col. Roosevelt to England.

The Colonel boarded a special train and arrived at the Victoria station punctually at 7:30 o'clock. He was dressed in black and had a deep black band around his hat. He looked very well. He alighted in lively fashion and heartily greeted the crowd of his assembled fellow countrymen, shaking hands all around. He shook hands first of all with Ambassador Reid and his family and then with the members of the embassy, and had a word or two to say to each.

Among those who welcomed the former President were First Secretary William Phillips, Capt. Clemen, the Military Attaché; Commander Edward Stimpson, the Naval Attaché; John L. Griffiths, the American Consul-General; Robert J. Wynne, the former American Consul-General, and Seth Bullock.

After an animated colloquy outside the waiting room the Colonel and his party drove off in a royal carriage to Dorchester House, while the baggage of the party, a miscellaneous assortment which showed decided signs of wear and tear and some of which was tied up with rope, was consigned to a royal van.

A number of quiet looking men who were scattering here and there around and among the assembled crowd were difficult to place at first, but it afterwards turned out that they were detectives who had been sent to guard against any attempt upon the Colonel's life. These precautions are the same as those which are being taken on the arrival of the crowned heads of Europe who are arriving every hour in London.

There were altogether some 150 persons waiting at the station. Outside of the officers they were mostly country people and tourists. It had been announced that the Colonel's train would arrive at 7:45 o'clock and many persons gathered some fifteen minutes after the party had left.

During the day Col. Roosevelt received a number of persons at the embassy, including representatives of the newspapers. He greeted each person with a smile and gave him a handshake.

Ambassador Reid gave a dinner to the Colonel and the members of his family at the embassy this evening. The only persons invited to meet them were the members of the embassy staff and their wives.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—Lieutenant Commander Reginald R. Belknap, United States naval attaché of the American Embassy at Berlin, has been detailed as naval aide to Col. Roosevelt as special Ambassador of the United States at the funeral of King Edward. At first it was intended to detail Commander Andrew T. Long, naval attaché at Vienna, for this duty, but he was engaged in work which made it impossible for him to serve.

Major T. Bentley Mott, U. S. A., military attaché at Paris, will be Col. Roosevelt's military aide.

Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, daughter of Col. Roosevelt, arrived here this evening from America. She was met by Ogden Reid, who is now acting as secretary to

Because the chain store plan saves money and reduces prices its steady, permanent growth is inevitable in the United States as in older countries. United Cigar Stores bring the factory to the smoker and retail cigars at wholesale prices.

This week it's a 5 for 25c CIGAR PALMA DE CUBA Ask for the Bouquet size. The five cent price for cigars is as old as the hills, but cigars of this kind are new. The type is a mere toddler—scarcely six years old. The filler is half and half Porto Rican and Havana, the wrapper shade-grown Porto Rican, making a pleasing combination of medium strength. The wholesale price for this type of cigar is \$50.00 per thousand. We retail them at 5c each.

UNITED CIGAR STORES

his father, the Ambassador. Accompanying young Mr. Reid were several of the members of the embassy staff, and all were driven to Dorchester House, where Mrs. Longworth will be a guest during her stay in London.

#### ROOSEVELT VISIT MEDALS.

The Kaiser Orders Silver and Bronze Medals to Be Struck.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

BERLIN, May 16.—By direct order of the Kaiser silver and bronze medals are to be struck in commemoration of Col. Roosevelt's visit to this country. One side of the medal will bear a portrait of the former President, while on the obverse will be a female figure emblematic of the United States and Germany.

#### WAR CLOUD ALREADY.

Germany Wants to Expand in Persia—Russia and England Resist.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 16.—According to the newspapers here Germany's attempt at expansion in Persia is likely to lead to acute trouble between the Kaiser's Government, Great Britain and Russia. The matter has arisen out of Germany's reported intention to lend money to Persia in return for the latter's support of German enterprises, including a line of steamers on Lake Urmiah, which is within Russia's sphere of influence.

Great Britain and Russia, it is reported, are resisting Germany's pretensions, while the latter is insistent. It is alleged that the German Government has notified both Great Britain and the Czar's Ministers that they will not recognize the spheres of influence set down in the Anglo-Russian agreement.

The B. was Gazette is authority for the statement that the Russian Foreign Office has notified Germany that neither Russia nor England is unwilling to consider Germany's claims in Persia, but they will refuse to permit her to interfere politically. The Russian press is considerably excited and unanimously express the belief that the trouble will be long drawn out.

#### SCARED BICETRE WARDS.

They Thought the Comet Hit Them When Explosion Killed Bash Experimenters.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, May 16.—One of the buildings of the Bicetre Hospital here was the scene of a terrific explosion to-day. The walls and staircases were wrecked and the inmates, who are all aged persons of both sexes, became so imbued with the idea that the comet had struck the earth that they made a rush for the gates. It was with extreme difficulty that they were driven back.

An investigation showed that the explosion was caused by an infirm keeper who was experimenting with nitroglycerine and who was blown to atoms. Search led to the discovery that there were enough explosives in his room to blow up Paris, but fortunately they did not go off when the nitroglycerine with which he was experimenting let go.

The man was haunted with the idea that he was an inventor. He was the only person injured.

#### LAST VISITS TO EDWARD VII.

BODY WILL BE TAKEN TO-DAY TO WESTMINSTER HALL.

Big Ben to Toll During the Parade—Farewell Services in the King's Home—Beautiful Floral Gifts—Police Appeal Against Hoops and Hats.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, May 16.—The body of the late King Edward will be borne from Buckingham Palace to-morrow on the first stage of its solemn journey to its final resting place at Windsor. Another service was held around the bier in the throne room to-night. All the members of the royal family and the palace servants were in attendance. There will be still another service to-morrow morning at which only the family will be present.

From the moment the procession leaves the palace till the casket is placed on the catafalque in Westminster, Big Ben, the famous bell that booms out the passing hours from the clock tower of the House of Parliament will be tolled every fifteen seconds.

The Commissioner of Police has issued a circular giving some advice to those who wish to view the parade to-morrow when the body of King Edward is transferred from Buckingham Palace to Westminster Hall, where it will lie in state for three days. Among other things the circular warns the people against pickpockets and requests women to wear hats of reasonable dimensions and to refrain from the use of long hatpins.

Whit Monday, 1910, as seen in London differed from all its predecessors. It presented a much more chastened aspect than usual. Holiday makers there were in abundance, but it was on the whole a day of gloom.

As regards outward appearances, apart from purple patches to be seen here and there, where windows, like those of the Ontario agency on the Strand, are draped in purple, the predominant color was black, and the white flannels of the boating folk hurrying toward the river only helped to accentuate the prevailing tone.

The exodus to the country was perhaps even greater than usual. The inhabitants of the city hastened out of town, glad at heart to quit for a time the sombre hues of grief and revel in the verdant freshness of the countryside.

While the multitudes were hurrying to the sea, the river and the country a number of privileged persons, including members of the diplomatic service attached to the Court of St. James's and intimate friends of the late King, went to the throne room of Buckingham Palace, where the body of Edward VII. lay in state.

As the visitors entered the room they were greeted with the fragrance of flowers. Innumerable wreaths lay at the foot of the catafalque, and on the steps of the throne dais. Standing apart from the other tributes at the head of the coffin there is a magnificent crown of white and mauve orchids, which is Queen Alexandra's own tribute. Among other pieces there is a wreath tied with ribbons of the Austrian national colors, which was sent by Emperor Francis Joseph.

The impression of the throne room, with its coloring of crimson and white, which is always one of great space, has been heightened by the removal of all the furniture. A temporary altar stands beneath a heavy gold fringed canopy, which is banked at the sides with a profusion of hydrangeas, while on the altar there are four vases containing white lilies.

The altar is of white silk, bordered with gold. The coffin, on a crimson covered catafalque, stands a few feet in front of the altar. It is draped exquisitely with the embroidered cream tinted pall which nearly a decade ago enveloped Queen Victoria's remains. Lying over the whole, with its folds arranged so as not to obscure the royal insignia, is the royal standard, which forms a suitable ground for the emblems of sovereignty and the regalia of the Garter. The crown rests on a purple velvet cushion at the head of the coffin, while the Garter, orb and sceptre lie close at hand.

It has been recognized that the strain of standing absolutely motionless is exceedingly heavy, and for this reason the Grenadiers who are guarding the remains are now changed every half hour instead of every hour.

OTTAWA, May 16.—Earl Grey to-day received a cable message saying the period of mourning for the King would be until May 6, 1911. Royal salutes will be fired at noon on Friday next from some twenty or more Canadian military stations, and bands will play Chopin's "Funeral March" and the Dead March from "Saul."

The Grand Orange lodge of Manitoba has strongly objected to the proposed changes in the King's coronation oath and has forwarded a protest to the Supreme Grand Lodge of Canada, which is to meet at Brantford, Ont. It is expected that there will also be strong protests from Ontario and Quebec.

#### IN NO HURRY FOR WINGS.

Chinese Diplomats Very Shy of Aeroplanes—Two Try Dirigibles.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, May 16.—The members of the Chinese mission, which is headed by Prince Tai Tsao, visited the French aviation station at Issy near Paris this morning and found a number of budding aviators busy tuning up the machines. The Chinese officials were immediately bombarded by offers of flights, but all declined, one adding that he had no intention of dying at present.

Alfred Le Blanc made a splendid flight which the Chinese cheered in European fashion. Later they visited the military airship sheds, where they showed a marked preference for the dirigibles. Two of their number made an ascension in the Astra, one of the Government's large dirigibles.

#### TANKER TOWING TANKER.

German Steamer Energie Is Helping the Aras, Bound for London.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

QUENSBOROUGH, May 16.—The German tank steamship Energie, from Bremerhaven for Philadelphia, has been sighted making for this port towing the disabled British tank steamship Aras, from Philadelphia for London.

Talleyrand-Perigord Yachting.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, May 16.—The steam yacht Niagara with the Duke and Duchess de Talleyrand-Perigord, the latter of whom was formerly the Countess Castellan, and still earlier Anna Gould, put in here to-day to avoid bad weather.

#### PROTEST AGAINST BLOCKADE.

Steamship Company Tired of Long War in Nicaragua—Venus in Action.

NEW ORLEANS, May 16.—Washington will be asked to take a hand in the Nicaragua imbroglio by local agents for steamship companies whose business is threatened by the blockade, which Madrid, the head of the Government faction of that country, is reported to have declared on all Atlantic ports. These ports are that Madrid is using the gunboat Venus and several smaller craft to enforce his order. The Venus is the vessel which steamed from here recently despite the protests of the Estrada agents, who tried several times to prevent her departure with reinforcements for Madrid.

The agents for the steamship companies here declared to-day that upon the receipt of word that one of their vessels had been kept from entering a Nicaraguan port by blockading gunboats they would immediately ask Secretary Knox to take steps for their protection. Several of the steamship companies, principal among which is the United Fruit Company, have large interests involved. Most of the companies command considerable influence.

"The situation is this," declared an agent of one of the companies to-day. "While we have read these reports of the blockade in newspapers, we have not been officially informed of it. Neither have any of our boats been tampered with. As far as I can learn none of the ships of other companies have been molested so far. So until the blockade, if there is a blockade, interferes with us we cannot do anything. As soon as we hear of one of our boats being stopped or hindered in any way by any gunboat of any Nicaraguan faction we shall immediately make our appeal to Washington."

"When we heard that this blockade had been inaugurated several of the agents of companies whose boats are threatened by it held an unofficial meeting. We all agreed that if any boat of any line was menaced by the blockaders we would make common cause in our appeal to the Federal Government to save American loaded ships from hindrance or loss."

"It seems to me that by the application of a trifle more energy on the part of the United States Government this war, which is costing millions to Nicaragua, might be settled out of hand."

Despatches received from Nicaragua later in the day said that the Venus had met with and had fired upon one of the Bluefields gunboats. Details of the encounter were lacking, but the despatch further stated that after several shots had been fired from deck guns both boats had retired to safety and that ultimately the Estrada boat had left the scene.

Richard Bussan, counsel for the Government of Estrada, was asked about these despatches. He attempted to make light of them, at first saying that had there been such an encounter he would have been sure to hear of it. Finally, however, he practically admitted that such an encounter had taken place, saying: "Well, we have the Venus located at Bluefields and can better form our plans for the work to be done from now on."

#### MANSFIELD PLEADS GUILTY.

Killed Henry Jacobs, a Gambler, and Confesses Manslaughter—Can't Live Long.

Joseph Mansfield pleaded guilty to manslaughter in the first degree before Judge O'Sullivan in General Sessions yesterday when arraigned on the charge of murder for killing Henry Jacobs, a gambler, on March 27 last. Mansfield was in a cafe on West 118th street counting a roll of bills and asked him for \$250 with which to take a trip to Denver for his health. Jacobs refused and Mansfield shot him.

Judge O'Sullivan was told that Mansfield could not live very long because of lung trouble and softening of the brain.

#### ABDUL HANID WON'T EAT.

Deposed Sultan of Turkey Also Thinks the Comet Is After Him.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, May 16.—A despatch from Salonica to the Matin says that Abdul Hamid, deposed Sultan of Turkey, is in such fear of the comet that for several days he has refused to take food.

Cleveland's Tourists All Well.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

CHICAGO, May 16.—The excursion steamship Cleveland arrived here from Port Said to-day and later departed for Southampton. All were well on board.

#### MARSHALLS QUAKES.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

MARSHALLS, May 16.—Strong earthquake shocks have been felt near here.

## Wedding Silver

Gorham Silverware of to-day will be even more appreciated by future generations than the heirlooms of the past are by the present generation.

No investment that can be made will produce greater dividends in immediate pleasure and future satisfaction than a piece of silver handicraft bearing the Gorham mark.

Aside from its intrinsic value Gorham Silverware has the distinction of representing the perfection of the Silversmith's Art at this period of American history.

The ownership of a piece of Gorham Silverware will mean as much to future generations as the ownership of an "old master" means to the Art lover of to-day.

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#### Wild's Orientals

For Summer Homes

The durable colorings and long life of Oriental rugs make them ideal for summer homes.

They cannot be injured by sun or water exposure.

Mosses —from \$12.50 to \$25.00.

In a wide assortment of sizes.

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HIS HORSE HIT SCHOOLGIRLS. Louis Leventritt Arrested for Failing to Heed Rules of Central Park.

Louis Leventritt, a contractor living at 75 Lexington avenue, ran down two schoolgirls while riding on the east bridge path in Central Park yesterday afternoon. The girls were crossing the course by the footpath at 102d street. They were Sally Phillip, 14 years old of 231 East 105th street, and Ella Wolf, 18 years, of 178 East 105th street. They were sent home after their slight bruises had been dressed at the Presbyterian Hospital.

Mounted Policeman McCauley saw the accident and arrested Leventritt on the ground that he had failed to observe the regulations as to slowing down to a walk in crossing a footpath. Leventritt was taken to the sub-judicial known as McGown's Pass Tavern, where charges of reckless driving and assault were registered against him. He was held in \$1,000 bail, which was furnished.

A COCOA OF RARE QUALITY. HAYLER'S COCOA PURITY & FLAVOR UNEQUALLED

MARRIED. DULLES-ROLLINS.—On Monday, May 16, 1910, at Manassas, N. Y., by the Rev. Allen May, D.D., assisted by the Rev. Robert Davis, Helen Rollins, daughter of Frank Wadsworth and Ellen Wadsworth, to William Dulles.

DIED. DOWLING.—In loving memory of Margaret Ellen Dowling, died May 15, 1910, cousin of Mrs. Mary Church, Grand and Ridge streets, Thursday, May 19, 1910, 10 A. M.

GOLDBERG.—On Sunday, May 15, at 10:00 A. M., William Victor Goldberg, beloved husband of Caroline K. Goldberg, in his 38th year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WELLINGTON.—On Monday, May 16, at his residence, 201 West 104th st., Bayan Wellington, in the 51st year of his age. Funeral services at the Lenox Avenue Baptist Church, corner 124th st. and Lenox av. on Wednesday at 8:30 P. M. Interment at Waltham, Mass.

WHITLOCK.—On May 16, James A. Whitlock, beloved husband of Emma A. Whitlock, to his wife. Funeral on Wednesday, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. C. H. Kerper, Babylon, L. I., on arrival of 10:10 train from New York.

#### Concord

Arm Chair

With solid mahogany frame, and covering to conform with any scheme of decoration. For the library, for the den, for the club, this and many other pieces that we show will be found appropriate and desirable.

Schmitt Brothers, 40 East 23d. Also Antiques and Reproductions at 343 & 345 MADISON AVE.

CLUB-LIST

OF NEW YORK has just been issued for 1910-11, containing 2,000 names of leading clubs of Manhattan, including a complete list of members. For sale at 100 N. 4th St., N. Y.